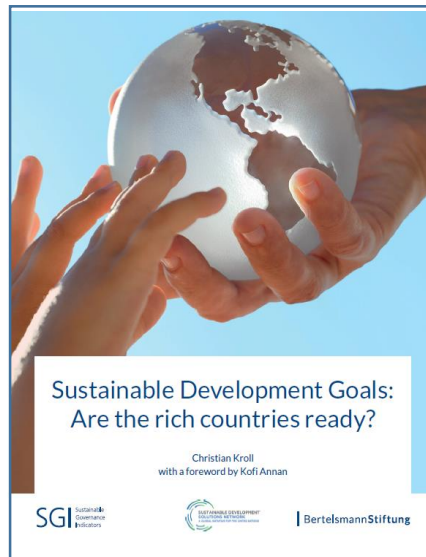


Finland's performance on the Sustainable Development Goals

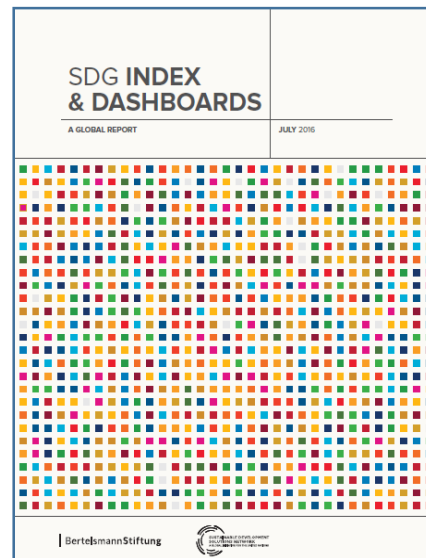
Dr. Christian Kroll

SDG Index and Dashboards Reports

2015



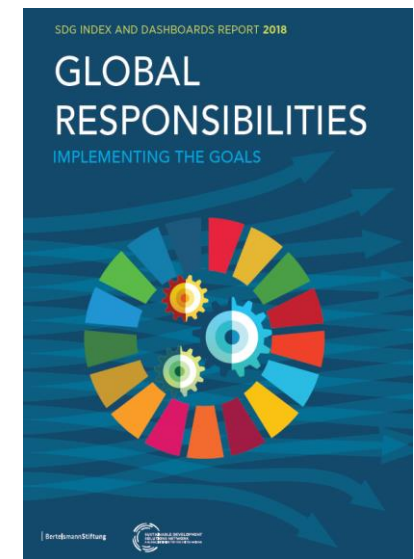
2016



2017



2018



Rank	Country	Score
1	Sweden	85.0
2	Denmark	84.6
3	Finland	83.0
4	Germany	82.3
5	France	81.2
6	Norway	81.2
7	Switzerland	80.1
8	Slovenia	80.0
9	Austria	80.0
10	Iceland	79.7
11	Netherlands	79.5
12	Belgium	79.0

**...out of 156
countries**

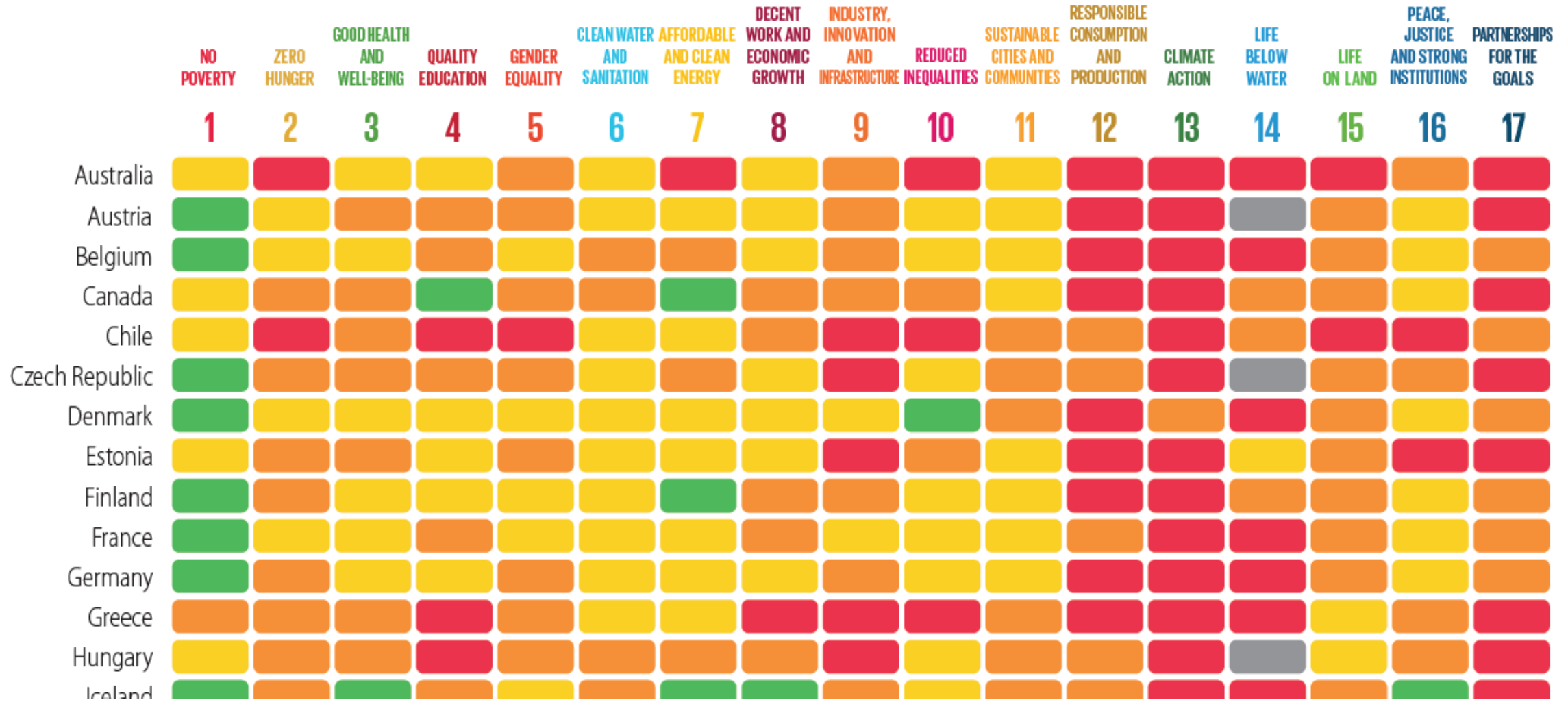
SDG RANKINGS, 2018			WORLD HAPPINESS RANKINGS, 2018			TAX-GDP RATIOS, 2018		
1	Sweden	85.0	1	Finland	7.632	1	Norway	54.108
2	Denmark	84.6	2	Norway	7.594	2	France	53.871
3	Finland	83.0	3	Denmark	7.555	3	Finland	52.657
4	Germany	82.3	4	Iceland	7.495	4	Denmark	52.076
5	France	81.2	5	Switzerland	7.487	5	Belgium	51.089
6	Norway	81.2	6	Netherlands	7.441	6	Sweden	49.273
7	Switzerland	80.1	7	Canada	7.328	7	Greece	48.840
8	Slovenia	80.0	8	New Zealand	7.324	8	Austria	48.833
9	Austria	80.0	9	Sweden	7.314	9	Italy	46.625
10	Iceland	79.7	10	Australia	7.272	10	Germany	45.186
11	Netherlands	79.5	11	Israel	7.190	11	Netherlands	43.875
12	Belgium	79.0	12	Austria	7.139	12	Luxembourg	43.221
13	Czech Republic	78.7	13	Costa Rica	7.072	13	Portugal	43.118
14	United Kingdom	78.7	14	Ireland	6.977	14	Iceland	43.087
15	Japan	78.5	15	Germany	6.965	15	Czech Republic	40.585
16	Estonia	78.3	16	Belgium	6.927	16	Cyprus	40.367
17	New Zealand	77.9	17	Luxembourg	6.910	17	Estonia	40.117
18	Ireland	77.5	18	United States	6.886	18	Malta	39.476
19	Korea Rep.	77.4	19	United Kingdom	6.814	19	Slovak Republic	39.380
20	Canada	76.8	20	United Arab Emirates	6.774	20	Canada	39.318

SDG Dashboards for Finland



SDG Trajectories for Finland





	NO POVERTY	ZERO HUNGER	GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	QUALITY EDUCATION	GENDER EQUALITY	CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE	INEQUALITIES REDUCED	SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	CLIMATE ACTION	LIFE BELOW WATER	LIFE ON LAND	PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Australia	↑	↗	→	↗	↗	⇿	↗	↗	↗	⇿	↗	⇿	↗	↗	→	→	↗
Austria	→	↗	↑	⇿	↗	→	↑	↗	↑	↑	⇿	⇿	↗	⇿	→	↗	→
Belgium	→	↗	↑	↗	↗	↑	↗	↗	↑	↑	→	⇿	↗	↗	→	↗	→
Canada	→	↗	↑	→	↗	⇿	→	↗	↗	↓	⇿	⇿	→	→	→	↑	⇿
Chile	↑	↗	↗	→	↗	↑	↑	↑	↗	↗	→	⇿	↓	↗	↓	→	⇿
Czech Republic	→	↗	↑	↗	→	→	↑	↗	↑	↑	↗	⇿	↗	⇿	→	↗	→
Denmark	→	↗	↑	↗	↗	→	↑	↑	↑	→	↗	⇿	↑	→	→	↗	→
Estonia	→	↗	↑	↗	↗	→	↗	↗	↗	⇿	↑	⇿	↓	↗	→	↑	→
Finland	→	↗	→	↑	↗	→	→	↗	↑	→	↑	⇿	↗	→	→	↑	↑
France	→	↗	↑	↗	↑	↗	↑	↗	↑	↑	↗	⇿	↑	→	↗	↗	→
Germany	→	↗	↑	↗	↗	→	↑	↑	↑	→	↗	⇿	→	→	→	↗	↗
Greece	→	↗	↗	→	↗	↗	↑	→	↗	↓	↗	⇿	↑	→	↗	↗	⇿
Hungary	→	↗	↗	→	→	↑	↗	↗	↗	→	↗	⇿	↑	⇿	→	↓	→
Iceland	→	↗	→	↗	↑	↗	→	⇿	↗	→	⇿	⇿	→	→	→	↗	→
Ireland	→	↗	↑	↗	↗	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↗	⇿	↑	↗	→	↑	↓

FINLAND

Performance by Indicator

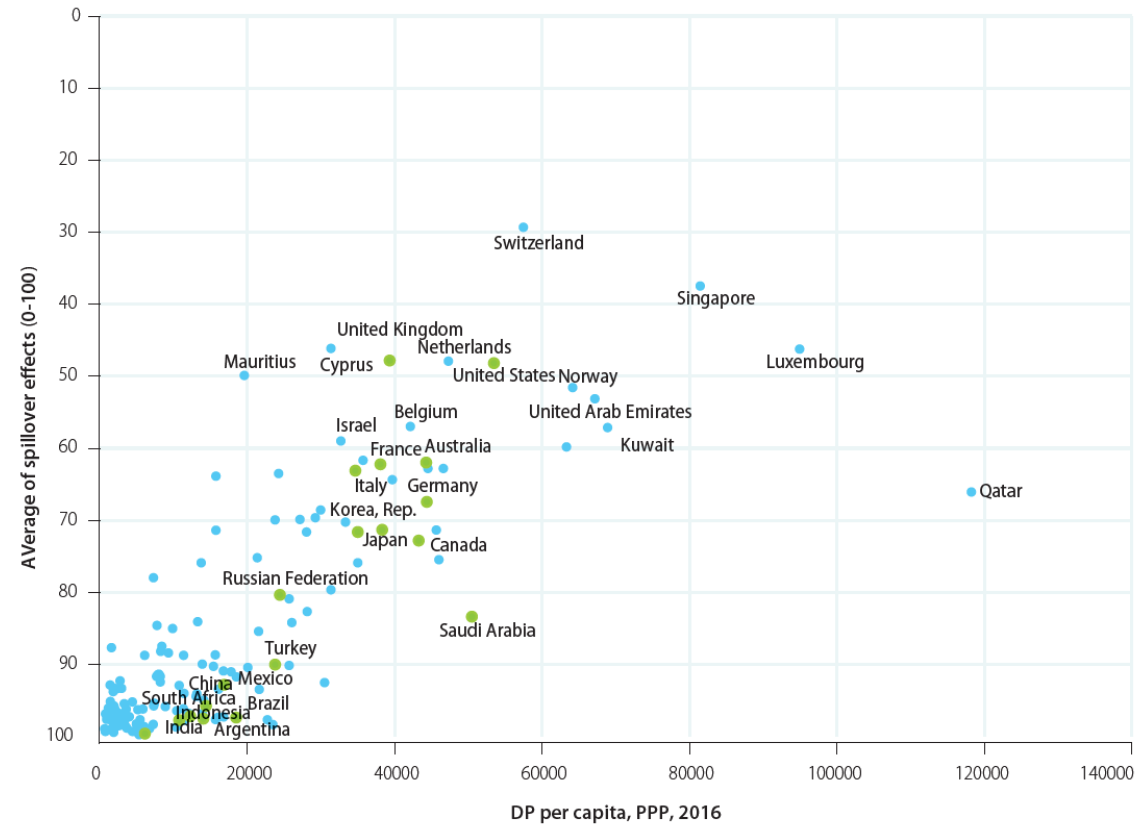
	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	Trend
SDG1 – End Poverty							
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.1	●	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	6.1	●	→
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1	●	**	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.0	●	**
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	6.3	●	→	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	54.8	●	**
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.9	●	**
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	●	**	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	2.9	●	**
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6	●	→	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	14.3	●	→
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	●	→	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	52.6	●	→
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	22.2	●	↓	Gap in internet access by income (%)	27.4	●	**
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.6	●	→	Women in science and engineering (%)	23.0	●	**
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.7	●	**	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	28.3	●	→
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	3.0	●	→	Palma ratio	0.9	●	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.2	●	→	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	5.2	●	**
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.3	●	→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	4.7	●	→	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	7.4	●	→
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	●	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	●	→
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	10.1	●	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	67.0	●	↑
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	2.6	●	**	Rent overburden rate (%)	8.4	●	**
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	4.4	●	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	81.1	●	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	21.4	●	**
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	6.9	●	→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	75.9	●	**
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9	●	**	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	17.6	●	**
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	92.0	●	→	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	21.1	●	**
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	85.8	●	→	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	43.7	●	**
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.8	●	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	74.3	●	**
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	2.1	●	**	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.5	●	**
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	26.3	●	**	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	17.4	●	→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	8.7	●	↗
SDG4 – Quality Education				Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.6	●	**
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	99.1	●	↑	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	●	**
Mean years of schooling	11.2	●	↑	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.1	●	**
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA	●	**	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions from biomass (€/tCO ₂)	38.8	●	**
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	43.6	●	→	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
PISA score (0-600)	522.7	●	**	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	57.7	●	**
Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic status (%)	10.0	●	**	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	89.9	●	↓
Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	11.5	●	→	Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	69.4	●	↓
Resilient students (%)	42.8	●	**	Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	96.5	●	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	4.5	●	**
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	9.8	●	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	79.3	●	↓
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	103.6	●	**	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	88.6	●	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	73.8	●	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	42.0	●	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	73.7	●	→
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	18.1	●	↗	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	●	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	12.5	●	**
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	96.9	●	→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	8.5	●	**
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	●	**	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	91.6	●	→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.6	●	**
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA	●	**	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	57.0	●	**
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	10.5	●	**	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	88.0	●	↑
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	5.3	●	**	Government Efficiency (1-7)	5.4	●	→
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Property Rights (1-7)	6.5	●	→
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	●	→	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	●	**
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	●	→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	85.0	●	→
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.6	●	→	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	●	**
Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	43.2	●	→	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	1.3	●	**
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Adjusted Growth (%)	-2.0	●	**	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	16.8	●	↑
Slavery score (0-100)	100.0	●	**	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: international concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.4	●	↑
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	99.8	●	→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	●	**
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	70.0	●	→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	●	**
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	13.2	●	↓	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	52.7	●	**
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure							
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	87.7	●	→				
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	152.3	●	↑				

Spillover Effects

Table 7 | Spillover Index score (from 0 “worst” to 100 “best”)

Country	Rank	Spillover Score
Afghanistan	151	93.8
Albania	62	88.7
Algeria	68	96.8
Angola	144	98.7
Argentina	53	97.4
Armenia	58	92.4
Australia	37	62.0
Austria	9	62.8
Azerbaijan	45	97.4
Bahrain	80	77.8
Bangladesh	111	97.9
Belarus	23	90.9
Belgium	12	57.0

Country	Rank	Spillover Score
Denmark	2	75.5
Djibouti	139	81.7
Dominican Republic	75	95.0
Ecuador	46	96.4
Egypt	97	98.7
El Salvador	92	91.4
Estonia	16	82.7
Ethiopia	128	99.0
Finland	3	64.4
Fmr Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia	61	94.5
France	5	62.2
Gabon	100	97.3
Gambia	133	87.7



Note: In green, G20 countries.

Source: Authors' analysis

Thank you very much for your attention!